Research issues are succinctly covered in the book. For example, how to do proper survey research is discussed in one chapter, and another reviews psychometric testing and how to interpret it. Current terminology applied in the functional gastrointestinal disorders is presented in an understandable yet comprehensive fashion. Definitions are important because they have been widely disparate until recently (although the Rome criteria for diagnosis of the functional gastrointestinal syndromes, which are presented in the book, have brought a semblance of order to the field even if most of the diagnostic criteria will inevitably change). There are a few important limitations. The new science of gut visceral sensory disturbances and pathophysiological mechanisms in general are only superficially discussed. In a handbook such as this, more detailed integration with the basic sciences would have represented a valuable and, in my view, vital addition. Overlap among the treatment sections with almost identical discussions of the same drugs is an unnecessary burden which should have been avoided.

This is a good book with messages for both clinicians and researchers. I would recommend that all gastroenterologists with a special interest in the functional gastrointestinal disorders obtain a copy. It should be in gastroenterology libraries everywhere. Gastroenterology trainees should read it to prepare them for real life gastrointestinal practice. I hope there will be further editions as knowledge progresses.

N J TALLEY

Baillière's Clinical Gastroenterology. Liver and Gastrointestinal Immunology. Manns M P, guest editor. (Pp 554; illustrated; £30.00.) Harcourt Brace. 1996. ISBN 0-7020-2187-3.

This latest edition of *Baillière's Clinical Gastroenterology* again combines the words "liver", "gastrointestinal" and "immunology" in its title; however, unlike most of this genre, liver is given more than a cursory chapter at the end, and in fact makes up four of the eight contributions. The first four chapters of this volume deal with the gut and are patchy. Goke and Podolsky author the first chapter on regulation of the mucosal epithelial barrier, and although it is adequate, it is poorly illustrated and goes over the same material as Goodlad and Wright's earlier volume in the same series this year: *Cytokines and Growth Factors in Gastroenterology*. Perhaps the commissioning editors should make sure this does not happen. Then Panjat and Mayer contribute a disappointing chapter on antigen presentation in the gut, with over 14 pages of text, unblemished by illustrations or tables. This is an area which has promised much in the past few years, but where real progress has been painfully slow. There is then a succinct chapter by Kohne and colleagues on intestinal lymphocytes, with some nice figures. The final chapter on gut immunology is on mucosal allergy and is well covered and well illustrated by Stephan Bischoff. I particularly liked the details on the use of allergen challenge into the mucosa during colonoscopy to confirm food allergy, although I am

not so sure whether the technique will catch on in countries other than Germany.

As someone whose knowledge of the liver is seriously limited, I found the four chapters on the liver to be particularly informative, thematically connected focusing on immunology, and generally well done. Herein lies the strength of this volume. Galperin and Gershwin's chapter on the immunopathology of primary biliary cirrhosis is well illustrated and goes into some detail on the autoantigens involved in the disease process. Rehmann's chapter on viral hepatitis is also clear, but could do with illustrations. As a non-expert, however, this reviewer found it illuminating. The editor and a colleague author the best contribution in the book, on hepatocellular autoantigens, with plenty of illustrations and mechanistic explanations for drug induced hepatitis. The volume ends with the obligatory chapter on immunogenetics, this time on liver disease and HLA associations by Donaldson. This follows the usual format with a section on basic HLA, followed by disease associations. At the moment, there are plenty of associations, but no real mechanisms are understood. However, genetic susceptibility to diseases of the gut and liver is an extremely exciting area and I am sure there will be much more data in the next few years.

Overall, this is a worthwhile text, but I would buy it to learn about the liver rather than the gut.

I FORGACS

Clinical Challenges in Gastroenterology. Farthing M J G, ed. (Pp 240; illustrated; £49.95.) Martin Dunitz Ltd. 1996. ISBN 1-85317-252-9.

There are many clinical problems that gastroenterologists deal with on a daily basis. It is not easy to find a single text that helps to tackle these issues. *Clinical Challenges in Gastroenterology* aims to fill this role.

There are 14 chapters written by authoritative authors at well known centres in the United Kingdom. Each of the challenges is well chosen. With reference to the oesophagus, the chapters are entitled "Palliation of oesophageal cancer", "Treatment options for achalasia" and "Barrett's oesophagus: the role of surveillance and surgery". The oesophagus is covered well in the book. Challenges related to other areas of gastroenterology receive less prominence. For instance, there is only one chapter related to liver disease "Hepatitis C virus: who to treat?" and the only chapter related to Crohn's disease is entitled "Nutrition as a primary therapy for Crohn's disease: is it worth it?". There is no attempt to deal with any aspect of colorectal carcinoma except for cancer surveillance in ulcerative colitis. In addition, there is no coverage of infectious disease that is encountered primarily in the developing world but also more commonly in developed countries with the increasing frequency of world travel. The only exception is a useful chapter on the management of intractable diarrhoea in patients with HIV related disease.

The topics that are included are generally covered very well. The text is easy to read and clearly laid out. Where evidence exists for a

particular approach to a problem it is described and the text is well referenced.

Each chapter ends with the heading "What I would do if I had . . .". This approach is new, interesting and revealing. The section is well written by all the contributors. Some of the chapters have two or more authors but most of these sections are written in the first person. Sometimes one wonders which of the authors is the "I"! This is a useful approach to all the topics covered. It makes it very clear that the authors would wish to choose their doctors carefully and require a considerable amount of their time to discuss the various options open to them and the evidence for the decisions that are made! Unfortunately, this is a privilege denied to many of our patients owing to the severe pressure of numbers and the limited time available.

I have enjoyed reading this book, but I feel that it would have been helpful to have included some more topics.

H J KENNEDY

Essentials of Mucosal Immunology. Martin F Kagnoff, Hiroshi Kiyono, eds. (Pp 597; illustrated; \$59.95.) Academic Press. 1996. ISBN 0-12-394330-2.

Published conference proceedings (along with published abstracts) make up the fag-end of scientific communication. Acceptable new data are never included (it would prejudice publication in a peer review journal), virtually nobody reads them and the work is rarely quoted. They are the scientific version of vanity publishing. Almost invariably the product of a meeting, they represent collections of manuscripts extracted from participants (usually unwillingly) in return for a few days in a first-class hotel at an exotic resort, business class air travel, and a chance to lie around the pool and play some golf. Unsurprisingly, their content is often rather pathetic. This book is a compilation of the work of the major speakers at the 8th International Congress for Mucosal Immunology, held in San Diego (nice climate, good golf) in July 1995. This reviewer was to have attended but unfortunately cancelled at the last minute in an unsuccessful attempt to pursue another career opportunity. Having read this book, there is no doubt that my time would have been better spent in San Diego. In contrast to all I have said above, Marty Kagnoff and Hiro Kiyono have put together an excellent book on mucosal immunology. Fortunately, it is not a conference proceedings but a series of authoritative (mostly) pieces on all aspects of mucosal immunology. There are some chapters on inflammatory bowel disease, *Helicobacter pylori*, and liver disease but there is no doubt that this book focuses more on basic mechanisms than clinical disease. The contributors of the 40 chapters are eminent, and by and large they have done a good job. There are quite a number of good figures and tables to break up the text. Forty chapters into just under 600 pages means that individual chapters are often not very long; however, this has turned out to be an advantage as most contributors have focused on details of experiments, rather than the usual turgid "background", and there is little repetition. The book is divided into six major sections on

antigen processing, epithelial cells, T cells, inflammation, infection, and vaccines, and they are all good and up to date. I would advise all those interested in mucosal immunology to buy this book. It is reasonably priced, an excellent source of information for experts and a good introduction for those trying to get into the field.

T T MacDONALD

Physician's Guide to the Internet. Hancock L. (Pp 212; illustrated; \$29.95.) Philadelphia: Lippincott-Raven. 1996. ISBN 0-397-51634-7.

An old cliché states that if you give a man a fish you feed him for a day, but if you teach a man to fish you feed him for life. Unfortunately, Lee Hancock's book provides a helping of Internet fish, rather than help how to fish on the Internet. Apart from a cursory 21 page introduction to the Internet, the book is merely a list of addresses of medical resources on the Internet, with the minimum of description or evaluation. Furthermore, the book is entirely American in outlook and focus, with little to entice the European reader. Such an attempt to capture a list of medical Internet resources in book format is bound to fail. Sites appear, disappear or change their addresses frighteningly quickly. On the Internet, what is true today is only half-true tomorrow and is wrong the day after that.

To appreciate the futility of such a book one need only look at its listing for gastroenterology – just two sites are listed, the Columbia university gastroenterology Web site (<http://cpmcnet.columbia.edu/dept/gi/>) and the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Disease site (<http://www.niddk.nih.gov/>), together with three electronic mailing lists. Had Hancock taken the trouble to explain to the reader how to search on the Internet, a much richer feast would have been forthcoming. A quick search of the WWW with the Lycos search engine (<http://www.lycos.com/customsearch.html>) using the search term "gastroenterology" finds almost 2000 hits in less than a minute. A more focused search with the search term "giardia" yields over 500 hits, including advice and information for the general public on giardiasis, descriptions of book on the parasite, images, discussion of its place in evolution, and information on diagnostic kits. A search of the OMNI database (<http://www.omni.ac.uk>) turns up five gastroenterology sites and four sites covering giardia. Its US counterparts, the Medical Matrix (<http://www1.slackinc.com/SPECIALT/GASTROEN.HTML>) and Medweb (<http://www.gen.emory.edu/medweb/medweb.gastroenterology.html>), both list dozens of sites in their sections on gastroenterology, covering almost every aspect of the specialty.

So, where should the reader turn for help on getting started on the Internet? If you want an introductory text, a much better choice is *Medical Information on the Internet* by Robert Kiley (ISBN 0 443 05699 4) which not only explains how to search on the Internet, but also comes with an accompanying website (<http://www.churchillmed.com/BOOKS/medinter.html>) and free CD-ROM. If you are already on-line, but still a newcomer to the Net, explore the Netlinks site's Newbie Help Link (<http://www.netlinks.net/Netlinks/>

NEWBIE.HTML); using the sites listed there, you will quickly learn how to fish and to surf the Internet's rich oceans of medical knowledge.

MARK PALLLEN

NOTES

Laparoscopic Surgery

The European Course on Laparoscopic Surgery will be held at University Hospital Saint-Pierre (U.L.B.), Brussels, Belgium, on 13–16 May 1997 (French) and again on 18–21 November 1997 (English). Further information from: Administrative Secretariat, Conference Services s.a., Avenue de l'Observatoire, 3 bte 17, B-1180 Brussels, Belgium. Tel: +32 2 375 16 48; Fax: +32 2 375 32 99.

Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism

The 19th ESPEN Congress on Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism will be held at the RAI Congress Centre, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, on 31 August–3 September 1997. Further information from: Van Namen & Westerlaken Congress Organisation Services, PO Box 1558, 6501 BN Nijmegen, The Netherlands. Tel: +31 24 323 4471; Fax: +31 24 360 1159.

Cochrane Collaboration

The Third Annual Meeting for UK contributors to the Cochrane Collection will be held at St Catherine's College, Oxford, UK, on 11–12 April 1997. Further information from: Sally Hunt, UK Cochrane Centre, Summer-town Pavillion, Middle Way, Oxford OX2 7LG. Tel: 01865 516300; Fax: 01865 516 311; E-mail: shunt@cochrane.co.uk.

Ultrasound in Medicine

The 41st Annual Convention of the American Institute of Ultrasound in Medicine (AIUM) will be held in San Diego, California, USA, on 23–26 March 1997. Further information from: The AIUM Convention Department, 14750 Sweitzer Lane, Suite 100, Laurel, MD 20707-5906, USA. Tel: 301 498 4100; Fax: 301 498 4450.

Digestive Endoscopy, Ultrasonography and Radiology

The Seventh International Workshop on Digestive Endoscopy, Ultrasonography and Radiology will be held in Marseille, France, on 29–30 May 1997. Further information from: Nathalie Fontant, Atelier Phenix, 41 Rue Docteur Morucci, 13006 Marseille, France. Tel: +33 4 91 37 50 83; Fax: +33 4 91 57 15 28.

Nutrition and HIV Infection

The Second International Conference on Nutrition and HIV Infection will be held at the Palais des Festivals, Cannes, France, on 23–25 April 1997. Further information from: Cannes 95/LSO International, 23–25 Bd Général Vautrin, 06400 Cannes, France. Tel: +33 4 92 18 85 85; Fax: +33 4 93 43 40 02.

Photodynamics

The Seventh Biennial Congress of the International Photodynamic Association will be held in Nantes, France, on 7–9 July 1998. Further information from: Professor T Patrice, Laser Department, Neurosurgery, Laennec Hospital, BP 1005, 44035 Nantes cedex, France. Tel: +33 2 40 16 56 75; Fax: +33 2 40 16 59 35.

Digestive Endoscopy

A Course in Digestive Endoscopy will be held at the Academic Medical Centre, University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands, on 4–5 September 1997. Further information from: Helma Stockmann, Managing Director, European Postgraduate Gastro-Surgical School, G-4-zuid, Academic Medical Centre, Meibergdreef 9, 1105 AZ Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Tel: +31 20 566 3926; Fax: +31 20 691 4858.

Motility Disorders

The International Congress on Motility Disorders of the Upper Gastrointestinal Tract: From Basic Science to Therapy will be held at the Academic Medical Centre, University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands, on 25–26 September 1997. Further information from: Helma Stockmann, Managing Director, European Postgraduate Gastro-Surgical School, G-4-zuid, Academic Medical Centre, Meibergdreef 9, 1105 AZ Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Tel: +31 20 566 3926; Fax: +31 20 691 4858.

Gastric Malignancies

The International Congress on Gastric Malignancies will be held at the Academic Medical Centre, University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands, on 13–14 November 1997. Further information from: Helma Stockmann, Managing Director, European Postgraduate Gastro-Surgical School, G-4-zuid, Academic Medical Centre, Meibergdreef 9, 1105 AZ Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Tel: +31 20 566 3926; Fax: +31 20 691 4858.

Immunopathology of Mucous Membranes and Exocrine Glands

An International Conference on Immunopathology of Mucous Membranes and Exocrine Glands will be held in Bergen, Norway,