Can De-Nol.... heal peptic ulcers as effectively as cimetidine with a lower relapse rate, an established safety record and at an economic price?

De-No

Can.

Tripotassium dicitrato bismuthate.

For further information contact:

C Brocades Great Britain Ltd Brocades House, Pyrford Road West Byfleet Surrey KT14 6RA. Telephone: Byfleet 45536.

References Kang, J.Y. & Piper, D.W., Aust. N.Z. Med., 10, 111 (1980). Tanner et al, Med. J. Aust., 1, 1-2 (1979). Cowen et al, Aust. N.Z. Med., 10, 364-365 (1980). Martin et al, Lancet, 3rd January 1981, 7-10. Martin, D.F., Mod. Med., April 1980.

De-Nol contains 120mg tri-potassium di-citrato bismuthate (as Bi₂O₂) per 5ml. For the treatment of gastric and duodenal ulcers. Oral administration, usually 5ml diluted with 15ml water four times a day on an empty stomach, half an hour before each of the three main meals and two hours after the last meal of the day. Contra-indicated theoretically in cases of severe renal insufficiency and in pregnancy. De-Nol may inhibit the efficacy of orally administered tetracyclines. Blackening of the stool usually occurs and darkening of the tongue has been reported. 2ê day (560ml) treatment pack £10.19 P/L No. 0166/5024.

The fast, simple an promote peptic

d specific way to ulcer healing



80% ulcers healed in one month1

Rapid relief of pain, rapid healing of the ulcer.

No dosage simpler in peptic ulcer treatment Specifically developed as b.d. treatment.

The benefits of highly specific H₂ blockade

Zantac treatment has not been shown to affect the central nervous system, 2 to exert anti-androgenic effects, 4 or to cause drug interaction.

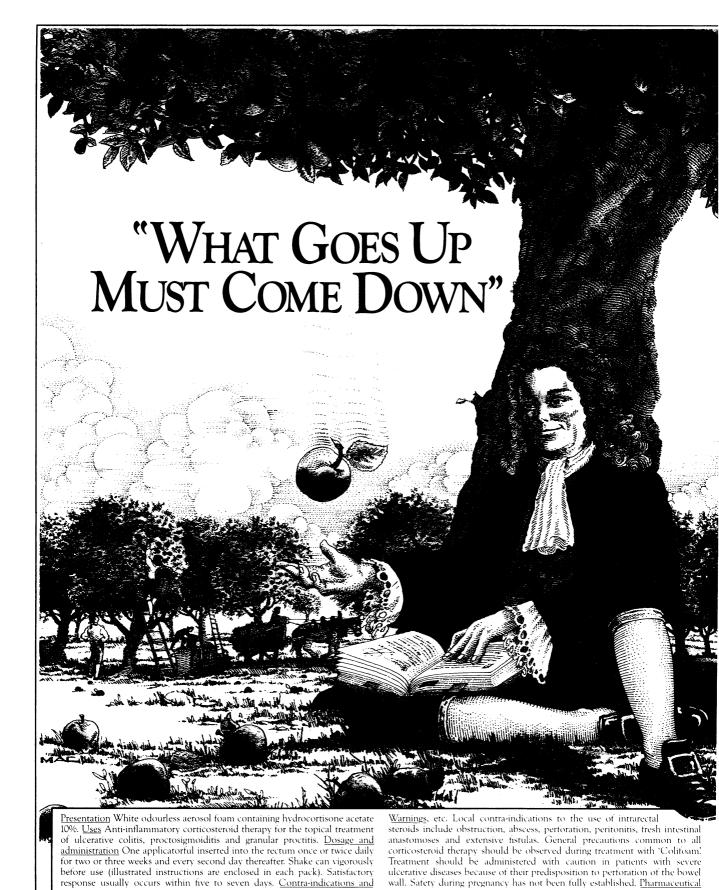


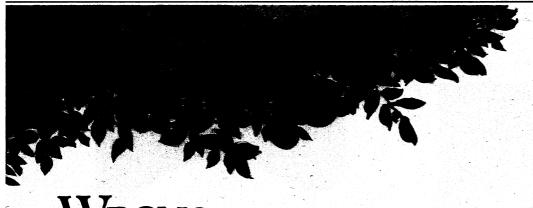
A British advance from Glaxo

RENAL IMPAIRMENT (SEE DATA SHEET). AS WITH ALL DRUGS, ZANTAC SHOULD BE USED DURING PREGNANCY AND NURSING ONLY IF STRICTLY NECESSARY CONTRA-INDICATIONS. THERE ARE NO KNOWN CONTRA-INDICATIONS TO THE USE OF ZANTAC BASIC NISCOST (EXCLUSIVE OF VAT) 60 TABLETS 127-3. PRODUCT LICENCE NUMBER 4/0279 FURTHER INFORMATION ON ZANTAC (TRADE MARK) IS AVAILABLE FROM GLAXO LABORATORIES LTD., GREENFORD, MIDDX. UB6 OHE.

REFERENCES. I DATA ON FILE. GLAXO GROUP RESEARCH. 2 BORIES, P.F. AL. LANCET 1980, 2 (8)1977, 755. 3. PEDEN. N. R. ET AL. ACTA ENDOCRINOLOGICA 1981, 96:
564-568. 4. NELIS, G. F. AND VAN DE MEENE, J. G. C. POSTGRAD, MED. J. 1980, 56: 478-480, 5. HENRY, D. A. ET AL. BR. MED. J. 1980, 2: 775-777.

Glaxo





WRONG.

Isaac Newton got it wrong. At least as far as COLIFOAM is concerned.
In a comparative trial (Ruddell WSJ et al. Gut 1980; 21:885) involving 30 patients with distal colitis: "Eight patients in the enema group reported difficulty in retaining the treatment, whereas none of the 15 patients

receiving the foam [COLIFOAM]

experienced any difficulty,..."

COLIFOAM is far

more convenient and far

more comfortable to

administer.

It is also highly <u>effective</u>. In the same

trial, COLIFOAM was shown to provide a slightly better objective improvement. The patients themselves reported an extremely significant preference (p.<0.05) for the modern COLIFOAM treatment.

Surprisingly, these superior benefits do not mean that it is more expensive. In fact, COLIFOAM can cost up to 34% less per dose than a standard proprietary enema.*

In terms of sheer convenience, patient comfort, cost and comparative efficacy—there is no better choice of treatment than COLIEDAM.

*based on one application daily.

colitoam

hydrocortisone acetate foam.

ACHANGE FOR THE BETTER IN DISTAL INFLAMMATORY BOWELDISEASE.

precautions Do not refrigerate, incinerate or puncture the aerosol can. Shake vigorously before use. Keep out of reach of children. Package quantities Aerosol canister containing 20g. (14 applications) plus a plastic applicator and illustrated leaflet. One applicatorful of 'Colifoam' provides a dose of approximately 90–110mg. of hydrocortisone acetate, similar to that used in a retention enema for the treatment of ulcerative colitis, sigmoiditis and proctitis.

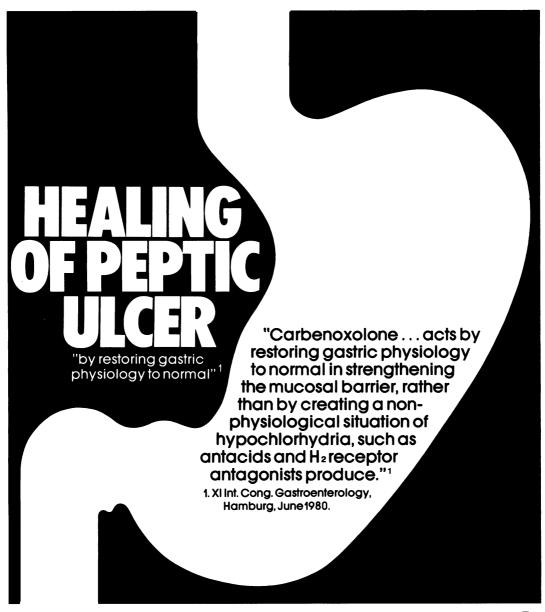
<u>Product licence no.</u> 0036/0021. <u>Basic NHS Cost</u> 20g (14 applications) plus applicator, f7.58.

Further information is available on request. Stafford-Miller Ltd.,

Professional Relations Division, Hatfield, Herts. AL10 0NZ.



VI Gut June 1982



- Increased mucus production
- Reduced epithelial cell loss
- Reduced peptic secretion and activity



BIOGASTRONE carbenoxolone

for gastric ulcer







Gut June 1982 VII

BIOGASTRONE

carbenoxolone

for aastric ulcer

Carbenoxolone sodium BP 50 mg tablets. PL 0071/5902. Bottles of 100. Basic NHS cost:1 week's treatment £2.21 (21 tablets) -£4.42 (42 tablets).

Adult dose: 2 tablets t.i.d. after meals for the first week then 1 tablet t.i.d. until ulcer is healed (usually 4-6 weeks).

DUOGASTRONE

carbenoxolone for duodenal ulcer

Carbenoxolone sodium BP. 50 mg position-release capsules. Bottles of 28. PL 0071/5903. Basic NHS cost:1 day's treatment (4 capsules) 85p.

Adult dose:1 capsule swallowed whole and unbroken with liquid q.i.d., 15-30 minutes; before meals. Patients may continue to take antacids but anticholinergic drugs should be discontinued. Treatment should continue for 6-12 weeks

Safety factors: Biogastrone and Duogastrone

Contra-indications. Severe cardiac, renal or hepatic failure. Patients on digitalis therapy, unless serum electrolyte levels are monitored weekly and measures taken to prevent the development of hypokalaemia.

Precautions. Special care should be exercised with patients pre-disposed to sodium and water retention, potassium loss and hypertension (e.g. the elderly and those with cardiac, renal or hepatic disease) since carbenoxolone can induce similar changes. Regular monitoring of weight and blood pressure, which should indicate such effects, is advisable for all patients. A thiazide diuretic should be administered if oedema or hypertension occurs.

(Spironolactone should not be used because it hinders the therapeutic action of

hinders the therapeutic action of carbenoxolone). Potassium loss should be corrected by the administration of oral supplements. No teratogenic effects have been reported with carbenoxolone sodium, but careful consideration should be given before prescribing Biogastrone, Duogastrone or Pyrogastrone for women who may become pregnant.

Biogastrone and Duogastrone are registered trade marks.

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Further information available from Winthrop Laboratories, Surbiton-upon-Thames, Surrey KT6 4PH.

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"I feel I'm so full I could burst! With this overblown stomach Im cursed." The Doctor smiled sweetly, Then murmured discreetly, "Well, we'd better try Maxolon first."

For relief from heartburn and flatulence

PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

Indications
Dyspepsia, heartburn and flatulence
associated with the following conditions
eg. Reflux coesophagitis, Gastritis, Hiatus
hemia, Peptic ulcer.
Adult Dosage (oral)

Adults 10mg
1 tablet or 10ml syrup 3 times a day.
Young adults (15-20 years) 5-10mg
1/2-1 tablet or 5-10ml syrup 3 times a day v2-1 tablet or 3—torin syrup 3 times a commencing at the lower dosage.

Note: Total daily dosage of Maxolon, especially for children and young adults should not normally exceed 0.5mg/kg body-weight.

Side-effects and Precautions
There are no absolute contra-indications to the use of Maxolon

Various extra-pyramidal reactions to Maxolon, usually of the dystonic type, have been reported. The incidence of these reactions in children and young adults may be increased if daily dosages higher than 0.5mg/kg body-weight are administered. The majority of reactions occur within 36 hours of starting treatment ar effects usually disappear within 24 hours of withdrawal of the drug. Should treatment of a reaction be required, an anticholinergic anti-Parkinsonian drug or a benzodiaze

pine may be used. Since extra-pyramidal symptoms may occur with both Maxolon and phenothiazines, care should be exercise in the event of both drugs being prescribed concurrently.

Raised serum prolactin levels have been observed during metoclopramide therapy: this effect is similar to that noted with many other compounds.

Maxolon's action on the gastro-intestinal tract is antagonised by anticholinergics.

Although animal tests in several mammalian species have shown no teratogenic effects.
treatment with Maxolon is not advised during the first trimester of pregnancy

Following operations such as pyloroplasty or gut anastomosis Maxolon therap be withheld for three or four days as tomosis Maxolon therapy should vigorous muscular contractions may not

Availability and NHS Prices Tablets 10mg (£7.70 for 100). Syrup 5mg/5ml (£2.78 for 200ml). A paediatric liquid presentation and npoules for injection are also available Average daily cost of Maxolon tablets 23p.

Further information is available on request to the company.



Beecham Research Laboratories Brentford England

Maxolon and the BRL logo are trade marks.

PL 0038/0095 0098 5040 5041.

BRL 4026

ETHICON

Coated VICRYL*

(polyglactin910) sutures

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slides easily through

snugs don le

ETHICON Ltd., P.O. Box 408, Bankhead Avenue, Edinburgh EH11 4HE, Scotland.

PLR Nos 0508/0001 0508/0009

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TECHNICAL DATA OVERLEAF

STERILISED ABSORBABLE SYNTHETIC SUTURE COATED POLYGLACTIN 910 VICRYL*

Presentation The basic VICRYL (Polyglactin 910) Suture is prepared from a copolymer of glycolide and lactide. The substances are derived respectively from glycolic and lactic acids. The empirical formula of the copolymer is (C₂H₂O₂)m(C₃H₄O₂)n.

Coated VICRYL (Polyglactin 910) Sutures are obtained by coating the braided suture material with a mixture composed of a copolymer of glycolide and lactide and an equal amount of calcium stearate. This coating does not affect the biological properties of the suture.

VICRYL (Polyglactin 910) Sutures are coloured by adding D & C Violet No 2 during polymerisation of the lactide and glycolide. Suture may also be manufactured in the undyed form.

These sutures are relatively inert, nonantigenic, nonpyrogenic and elicit only a mild tissue reaction during absorption.

Action Two important characteristics describe the in vivo behaviour of absorbable sutures. The first of these is tensile strength retention and the second absorption rate or loss of mass.

Subcutaneous tissue implantation studies of both VICRYL and Coated VICRYL Suture in rats show at two weeks post-implantation approximately 55% of its original tensile strength remains, while at three weeks approximately 20% of its original strength is retained.

Intramuscular implantation studies in rats show that the absorption of these sutures is minimal until about the 40th postimplantation day. Absorption is essentially complete between the 60th and 90th days.

Uses VICRYL and Coated VICRYL synthetic absorbable sutures are intended for use where an absorbable suture or ligature is indicated.

Dosage and AdministrationBy implantation.

Contraindications, Warnings, etc.
These sutures, being absorbable, should not be used where extended approximation of tissues under stress is required.

Sutures placed in skin and conjunctiva may cause localised irritation if left in place for longer than 10 days and should be removed as indicated.

The safety and effectiveness of VICRYL (Polyglactin 910) and Coated VICRYL Sutures in neural tissue and in cardiovascular tissue have not been established.

Pharmaceutical Precautions
Do not re-sterilise.

Legal Category P Pharmacy medicine sold to surgeons and hospitals through surgical dealers.

Package Quantities Various lengths of material packaged in sealed aluminium foil sachets. This primary pack is contained in a peel-apart secondary pack. The unit of sales is 12 packs contained in a film wrapped drawer style carton.

Adverse Reactions No suture related adverse reactions were reported during clinical trials, although a number of minor reactions were classified as being of unknown cause.

Product Licence Nos PL 0508/0001 PL 0508/0009

> ETHICON LTD. PO BOX 408, BANKHEAD AVE EDINBURGH EH11 4HE

Hema-Chek could provide the first clue to colorectal cancer

Reactive Ingredients: Approx. 1.5 mg gum guaiac Development Directions: Open flap and place one drop of water over each specimen. Add two drops of Hema-Chek Developer over each specimen.

Manufactured for: Ames Division, Miles Laboratories, Inc., Elkhart, Ind. 46515

> Made and Printed in U.S.A. 1981 Miles Laboratories, Inc

Each year in the UK over 20,000 patients are diagnosed to have colorectal cancer. Early diagnosis has been shown to offer the best chance to increase the survival rate.¹

Now Hema-Chek allows the detection of one of the most important early-warning signs of colorectal cancer, faecal occult blood. Based on the well accepted guaiac principle, the test takes only 30 seconds and can easily be performed in the clinic, laboratory or on the ward.

The wallet is designed to allow convenient sample collection without laborious preparation. Hema-Chek is available in packs of 100 tests containing sample collection wallets, liquid developer and applicator sticks.

Reference 1. Lancet (1981), 1, 1231 *Trademark

Ames MILES

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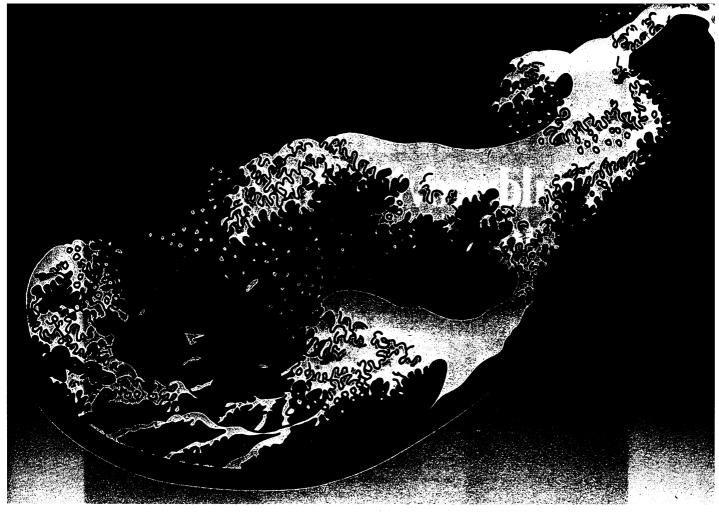


the detection of faecal occult blood, please complete and return the coupon.

Name _____

Position =

Address



A NEW WAVE IN GALLSTONE TREATMENT

- * For the dissolution of cholesterol stones in a functioning gall bladder.
- * Reported effective in up to 80% of appropriate patients.
- * Diarrhoea is very uncommon.
- * No adverse reports on liver function.
- * Simple dosage aids patient compliance.

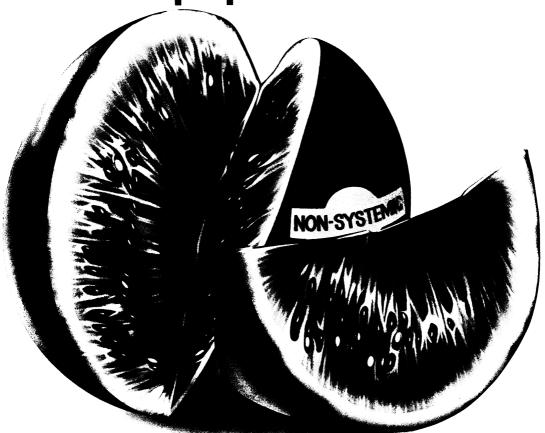




Presentation: Plain white tablet containing 150mg ursodeoxycholic acid. Uses: DESTOLIT is indicated for the dissolution of radiolucent (ie non-radio opaque) cholesterol galistones in patients with a functioning galibladder.

Dosage: The daily dose for most patients is 3 or 4 tablets of 150mg according to body weight. This dose should be divided into 2 administrations after meals, with one administration always to be taken after the evening meal. A daily dose of about 8 to 10mg/kg will produce cholesterol desaturation of bile in the majority of cases. The duration of treatment required to achieve galistone dissolution will usually not be extended beyond 2 years and should be monitored by regular cholecystograms. Treatment should be continued for 3-4 months after the radiological disappearance of the galistones. Any temporary discontinuation of treatment, if prolonged for 3-4 weeks, will allow the bile to return to a state of supersaturation and will extend the total time required for litholysis. Contra-indications, Warnings etc.: In common with all drugs, it is advised that ursodeoxycholic acid should not be given during the first trimester of pregnancy. In cases of conception during treatment, therapy should be discontinued. Active gastric or duodenal ulcers are contra-indications, as are hepatic and interestinal conditions interfering with the enterohepatic circulation of bile acids. Excessive dietary intake of calories and cholesterol should be avoided; a low cholesterol diet will probably improve the effectiveness of DESTOLIT tablets. It is also recommended that drugs known to increase cholesterol elimination in bile, such as oestrogenic hormones, oral contraceptive agents and certain blood cholesterol lowering agents should not be prescribed concomitantly. Side effects: DESTOLIT is normally well tolerated. Diarrhoea has been found to occur only occasionally. No significant alterations have so far been observed in liver function. Overdosage: It is unlikely that overdosage will cause serious adverse effects.

A fresh approach to peptic ulcers



Antepsin[®] sucralfate non-systemic ulcer healer

Prescribing Information

Prescribing Information
Presentiation Antepsin Tablets 1 gram are white oblong the convex uncoated tablets scored and embossed 1239 on one succialate. Uses for the treatment of doudenal user gastres ulcer and chronic gastrist. Dosage and Administration for all administration Adults – Joual dose I gram at times aday under the double of t

Average daily cost 50p



Ayerst Laboratories Ltd., South Way, Andover, Hampshire SP10 5LT. Telephone: 0264 58711. Distributors in Ireland: Ayerst Laboratories Ltd. 765 South Circular Road, Islandbridge, Dublin 8

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Confident prescribing demands a solid basis

Your decision to prescribe 'Tagamet' is supported by more than just highly effective therapy. Since its introduction in 1976 'Tagamet' has generated more experience than most other standard therapies.

Your patient is probably not concerned that he is just one of an estimated 15,000,000 who have now been treated with 'Tagamet' worldwide; that the use of 'Tagamet' is being systematically monitored on a scale probably larger than that of any other drug; nor that nearly 4,000 publications reflect the status of 'Tagamet' as one of the

most widely studied drugs in medical history.

All of these facts determine your confidence when you decide to prescribe 'Tagamet'.

Your patient's concern is simply that it works.



puts you in control of gastric acid

Prescribing Information

Presentation Tagamet Tablets, PL 0002/0063, each containing 200 mg cimetidine. 112 (treatment pack), £16.30; 500, £72.75. 'Tagamet' Syrup, PL 0002/0073, containing 200 mg cimetidine per 5 ml. 200 ml, £7.86.

Indications Duodenal ulcer, benign gastric ulcer, reflux oesophagitis

Dosage Duodenal ulcer: Adults, 400 mg b.d., with breakfast and at bedtime, or 200 mg t.d.s. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime

(1.0 g/day) for at least 4 weeks (for full instructions see Data Sheet) To prevent relapse, 400 mg at bedtime or 400 mg morning and at bedtime for at least 6 months. Benign gastric ulcer: Adults, 200 mg t.d.s. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime (1.0 g/day) for at least 6 weeks (for full instructions see Data Sheet).

Reflux oesophagitis: Adults, 400 mg t.d.s. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime (1.6 g/day) for 4 to 8 weeks. Cautions Impaired renal function; reduce dosage (see Data Sheet)

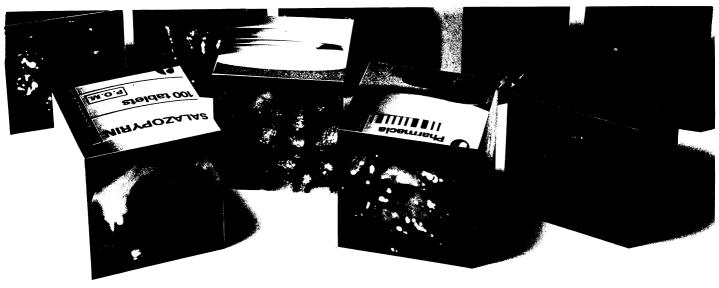
Potentiation of oral anticoagulants and phenytoin (see Data Sheet) Prolonged treatment: observe patients periodically. Exclude malignancy in gastric ulcer. Care in patients with compromised bone marrow (see Data Sheet). Avoid during pregnancy and lactation.

Adverse reactions Diarrhoea, dizziness, rash, tiredness. Rarely, mild gynaecomastra, reversible liver damage, confusional states (usually in the elderly or very ill), interstitial nephritis, acute pancreatitis.

Legal category POM. 1:2:82.







The many faces of Crohn's disease. And one face of its treatment.

Salazopyrin has long been established as standard treatment for ulcerative colitis and there is now further evidence to support its use as a first-line therapy for active Crohn's disease.

Now a double-blind study(1) has shown that 62% of Salazopyrin-treated patients responded favourably (at least 25% reduction in Crohn's disease activity) compared with only 8% of patients given placebo.

This supports the findings of a major study(2) in the USA, the NCCDS* involving some 569 patients, which compared Salazopyrin with azathioprine and prednisone both as short-term treatments to suppress acute disease and as long-term prophylactics against relapse. For active disease both Salazopyrin and prednisone were superior to placebo and in patients not previously treated with drugs or surgery, only Salazopyrin was superior to placebo.

Salazopyrin was also by far the least toxic of the drugs tested, which "... together with evidence of its usefulness, particularly for control of disease involving the colon, indicates sulphasalazine as the drug of choice for initial therapy of such patients."

National Cooperative Crohn's Disease Study.

SALAZOPY

YOUR BEST STARTING POINT IN ACTIVE CROHN'S DISEASE.

Prescribing Information
Dosage and Administration
Plain or EM Tablets: In acute moderate attacks
2-4 tablets 4 times a day. In severe attacks steroids
should also be given After 2-3 weeks the dose
may gradually be reduced to the maintenance
level of 3-4 tablets daily which should be given
indefinitely. Suppositories: Two inserted morning
and night, the dose being gradually reduced after
3 weeks as improvement occurs.
Fenema: One enema should be given daily preferably at
bed time. This preparation contains an adult dose of
Salazopyrin, Patient instructions are enclosed in each box.
Children: Reduce the adult dose on the basis of
body weight.

Childrein: Reduce the adult dose on the basis of body weight.

Contra-Indications, warnings etc.

Contra-Indications: Contra-indicated in sensitivity to salicylates and sulphonamides. Infants under 2 years Enema only: Sensitivity to parabens

Adverse Reactions: Side effects common to salicylates or sulphonamides may occur. Most commonly these are nausea, loss of appetite and raised temperature which may be relieved on reduction of dose, use of EN tabelts, enema or suppositories. If serious reactions occur the drug should be discontinued.

should be discontinued. Rarely the following adverse reactions have been reported

Haematological: e.g. Heinz body anaemia. haemolytic anaemia, leucopenia, agranulocytosis and aplastic anaemia

and aplastic anaemia
Hypersenstury: e g, Rash, fever
Gastrointestinal: e g, Impaired folate uptake, stomatitis.
C.N.S. e g, Headache, peripheral neuropathy
Fertility: Reversible oligospermia
Renal: e g, Proteinuria, crystalluria
Also: Stevens-Johnson syndrome and lung complications e.g. Fibrosing alveolitis

Precautions:
Care in cases of porphyria, allergic, renal or hepatic disease, glucose 6-PD deficiency. Blood checks should be made initially and periodically.
Pregnancy and Lactation:
While the ingestion of trugs in these situations may be undesirable, the severe exacerbations of the disease which can occur commends the continuance of therapy. Long clinical usage and experimental studies have failed to reveal teratogenic or icteric hazards. The amounts of drug gressent in the milk should not present a risk to a

teratogenic or icteric hazards. The amounts of o present in the milk should not present ar risk to a healthy infant. Packages & Prices: Plain Tablets (0.59): 10.8 & 500: £5.10 for 100 Suppositories (0.59): 10.8 & 500: £7.90 for 100 Suppositories (0.59): 10.8 & 50: £2.55 for 10 Enemas (3.09): 7. £10.80 for 7.

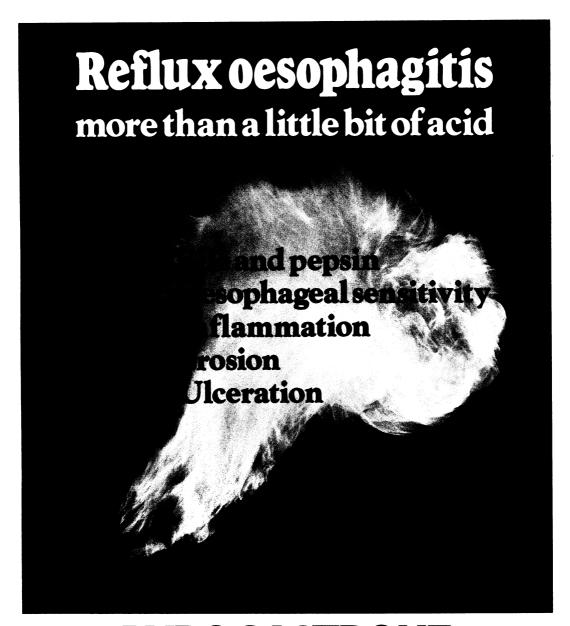
Plain Tablets 0009/5006 EN Tablets 0009/5007. Suppositories 0009/5008 Enema 0009/0023.

1) Gut (1981) **22**, 404-409. 2) Gastroenterology (1979) **77**, 847 et seq.



Further information is available on request from the Company



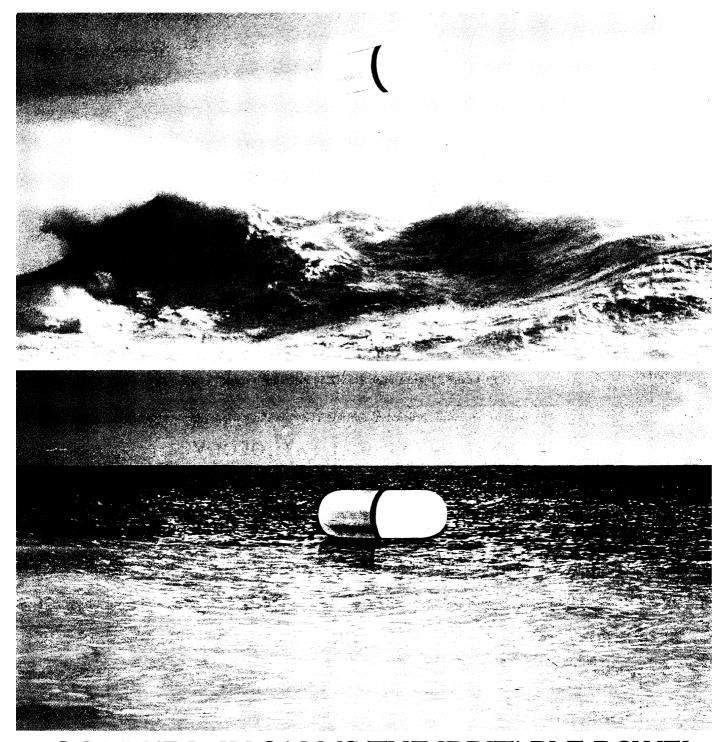


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carbenoxolone/magnesium trisilicate/dried aluminium hydroxide gel

more than an antacid -a positive healing treatment

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COLPERMIN CALMS THE IRRITABLE BOWEL

enteric-coated peppermint oil

Now for the first time, the well-proven therapeutic agent peppermint oil, can be delivered direct to the colon.

Colpermin, a newly developed entericcoated capsule, delivers the oil precisely where it is needed. This provides an improved, rapid, and highly effective method of relieving spasmodic pain, distension and disturbed bowel habit - the dominant symptoms of the irritable bowel syndrome.

Presentation: Enteric coated gelatine capsule. Each contains 0.2 mi standardised peppermint oil B.P. Ph. Eur. Uses: For the treatment of symptoms of discomfort and of abdominat coils and distension expenenced by patients with initiable bowel syndrome. Dosage and Administration: One capsule three times a day preferable before meak and taken with a small quantity of water. The capsules should not be taken immediately after food. The dose may be increased to two capsules, three times a day when discomfort is more severimens after the mice service.

The capsules should be taken until symptoms resolve, usually within one or two weeks. At times when symptoms are more persistent, the capsules can be continued for longer periods of between 2 to 3 months. There is no experience in the use of these capsules in children under the age of 15 years. Contramidications, Warnings, etc. Prevactions. The capsule should not be broken or chewed. Patients who already suffer from hearthum, sometimes experience are leaved relationship to the symptoms when taking the capsule.

Theatment should be discontinued in these patients. Adverse effects: Hearthout weststayl reactions to mention which are rate, and incide eightenhausus skin rash, headache bradveardia, muscle tremor and ataxia. Product Licence. Pt. 0424 0009. Basic MyS Cost. Si 100 per 100. UK and Foreign Fattents pending. Colpernin is a trade mark of Tillots Laboratories. Further information is available from Tillotts Laboratories. Further information is available from Tillotts Laboratories. Henliow Tading Estate, Henliow Edds.



Gastrointestinal and Related Hormones

The Proceedings of a Symposium organised by The Association of Clinical Pathologists

Edited by G. Walters and S. R. Bloom

CONTENTS

Editors' foreword • The endocrine versatility of the gut: general and evolutionary aspects of the active peptides of the gastrointestinal tract • Visualisation of the diffuse endocrine system • Neurotensin • Pathophysiology of gastrin and secretin • The measurement of cholecystokinin • Gastric inhibitory polypeptide (GIP) • The enteroinsular axis • Pancreatic polypeptide • Importance of the jejunal hormone motilin • Gut glucagon-like immunoreactants (GLIs) and other enteric glucagon-like peptides • Vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) • Brain and gut peptides • Gut hormones in gastrointestinal disease • Clinical features and diagnosis of alimentary endocrine tumours •

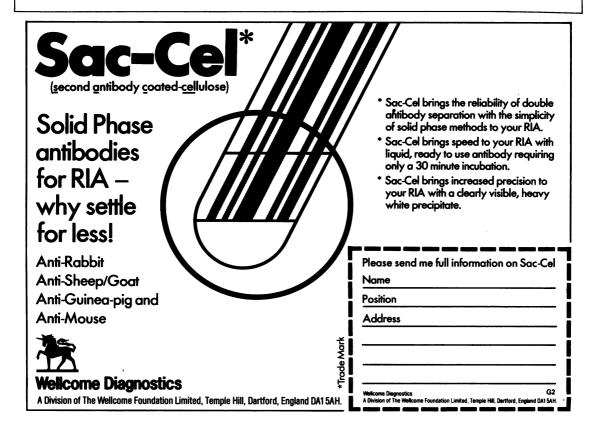
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SCANDINAVIAN JOURNAL OF Gastroenterology

Published since 1966, this is the scientific periodical for the Gastroenterological Associations in Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden. The journal is international in scope, however; both the contributors and the subscribers come from all parts of the world.

The editors favour short, clear communications on important problems within gastroenterology. About two-thirds of the papers are concerned with clinical problems; the remainder deal with experimental work on animals.

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- The Assessment of Mucus Substances in Gastric Juice from Duodenal Ulcer Patients and Normal Subjects J.D. Donaldson, K.D. MacRae & T.G. Parks.
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