

Reflux controlled!



Heartburn and regurgitation: strengthening the lower oesophageal sphincter should be the primary goal of medical treatment.¹

* Maxolon is clinically effective in increasing sphincter tone.^{2,7}

* Maxolon reduces frequency and duration of reflux.^{4,9}

* Maxolon eliminates or alleviates even severe symptoms.^{10,11}

Maxolon—controlling heartburn by tightening the sphincter.

Prescribing Information

Indications

Heartburn, dyspepsia and flatulence associated with the following conditions e.g. Reflux oesophagitis, Gastritis, Hiatus hernia, Peptic ulcer. Nausea and vomiting associated with e.g. Gastro-intestinal disorders.

Adult dosage (Oral, IM or IV)

Total daily dosage of Maxolon, especially for children and young adults should not normally exceed 0.5 mg/kg body weight.

Adults: 10 mg three times daily

Young Adults (15-20 years): 5-10 mg three times daily, commencing at the lower dosage

For dosage in children, please consult Data Sheet.

Side effects and precautions

There are no absolute contra-indications to the use of Maxolon.

If vomiting persists the patient should be re-assessed to exclude the possibility of an underlying disorder, e.g. cerebral irritation.

Various extra-pyramidal reactions to Maxolon, usually of the dystonic type, have been reported. The incidence of these reactions in children and young adults may be increased if daily dosages higher than 0.5 mg/kg body weight are administered.

The majority of reactions occur within 36 hours of starting treatment and the effects usually disappear within 24 hours of withdrawal of the drug. Should treatment of a reaction be required, an anticholinergic anti-Parkinsonian drug, or a benzodiazepine may be used. Since extra-pyramidal symptoms may occur with both Maxolon and

phenothiazines, care should be exercised in the event of both drugs being prescribed concurrently.

Raised serum prolactin levels have been observed during metoclopramide therapy: this effect is similar to that noted with many other compounds.

Maxolon's action on the gastro-intestinal tract is antagonised by anticholinergics.

Although animal tests in several mammalian species have shown no teratogenic effects, treatment with Maxolon

is not advised during the first trimester of pregnancy.

Following operations such as pyloroplasty or gut anastomosis Maxolon therapy should be withheld for three or four days since vigorous muscular contractions may not help healing.

Availability and NHS prices

Tablets 10 mg (£9.78 for 100).

Syrup 5 mg/5 ml (£3.36 for 200 ml).

Ampoules for injection 10 mg (£2.69 for 10).

Paediatric Liquid 1 mg/1 ml (£1.52 for 15 ml).

Prices correct at August 1982.



Further information is available on request to the company

Beecham Research Laboratories

Brentford, England

Maxolon and the BRL logo are trade marks

PL 0038/0095 0098 5040 5041.

References: 1. Br Med J (1979) 1: 3-4, 2. Gut (1973) 14: 275-279, 3. Gut (1973) 14: 380-382, 4. Gastroenterology (1975) 68 (5): 1114-1118, 5. Gastroenterology (1976) 70 (4): 484-487, 6. Anaesth Intens Care (1978) 6 (1): 26-29, 7. Gastroenterology (1980) 78 (5) pt 2: 1292, 8. Tijdschr Gastro-Enterol (1977) 20 (3): 155-162, 9. Dt Z Verdau-u-Stoffwechselkr (1981) 41: 13-17, 10. Postgrad Med J (July Suppl. 1973) 104-106, 11. Z Gesund Inn Med. (1981): 122-124.

BRL 4033

HEALING OF PEPTIC ULCER

"by restoring gastric
physiology to normal"¹

"Carbenoxolone . . . acts by restoring gastric physiology to normal in strengthening the mucosal barrier, rather than by creating a non-physiological situation of hypochlorhydria, such as antacids and H₂ receptor antagonists produce."¹

1. XI Int. Cong. Gastroenterology,
Hamburg, June 1980.

- Increased mucus production
- Reduced epithelial cell loss
- Reduced peptic secretion and activity



BIOGASTRONE
carbenoxolone
for gastric ulcer



DUOGASTRONE
carbenoxolone
for duodenal ulcer



Further information available from Winthrop Laboratories, Surbiton-upon-Thames,
Surrey KT6 4PH. See prescribing data overleaf.

WINTHROP

COLPERMIN™ (enteric-coated peppermint oil)

**An exclusive two-dimensional remedy
for irritable bowel syndrome**

Prescribing Information

Presentation: A light blue/dark blue enteric-coated hard gelatin capsule size 1, with a green band between cap and body. Each capsule contains 0.2 ml standardised peppermint oil B.P. Ph. Eur.

Uses: For the treatment of symptoms of discomfort and of abdominal colic and distension experienced by patients with irritable bowel syndrome. The enteric-coating of the capsule delays release of the peppermint oil until it reaches the distal small bowel. The oil exerts a local effect of colonic relaxation and a fall of intracolonic pressure.

Dosage and Administration: For oral administration.

Adult dose: One capsule three times a day, preferably before meals and taken with a small quantity of water. The capsules should not be taken immediately after food. The dose may be increased to two capsules, three times a day when discomfort is more severe. The capsules should be taken until symptoms resolve, usually within one or two weeks. At times when symptoms are more persistent, the capsules can be continued for longer periods of between 2 to 3 months. There is no experience in the use of these capsules in children under the age of 15 years.

Contraindications, Warnings, etc. Precautions: The capsules should not be broken or chewed because this would release the peppermint oil prematurely, possibly causing local irritation of the mouth and oesophagus. Patients who already suffer from heartburn, sometimes experience an exacerbation of these symptoms when taking the capsule. Treatment should be discontinued in these patients.

Adverse effects: Heartburn, sensitivity reactions to menthol which are rare, and include erythematous skin rash, headache, bradycardia, muscle tremor and ataxia. Treatment of overdosage: If capsules have been recently ingested, the stomach should be emptied by gastric lavage. Observation should be carried out with symptomatic treatment if necessary.

Pharmaceutical Precautions: Store in a cool place. Avoid direct sunlight.

Legal category: P.

Package quantity: Containers of 100 capsules.

Further information: Nil.

Product Licence: PL 0424/0009.

Basic NHS cost: £10.00 per 100.

European Patent No. 1002553.

U.K. Patent No. 2,100,011.

Colpermin is a trade mark of Tillotts Laboratories.

REFERENCE:

J. Rees, W.D.W. Evans, B.K. Rhodes, J. Treating irritable bowel syndrome with peppermint oil. *Br. Med. J.* 2:835-836, 1979.



11/82

2-7126

Horsham Trading Estate, Horsham, West Sussex, BN18 9BN
Telephone 0402 810623 Telex 827313 Tillott G

COLPERMIN™ (enteric-coated peppermint oil)

**With
nature's help,
Tillotts**

**has
an**

**two-dimensional
answer
for
irritable bowel
syndrome**

For those who can't make a meal of it



3 SACHETS DAILY EASY MIX

Ispaghula Husk B.P.

for the bulk of dietary constipation

Prescribing Information. **Presentation** Premeasured, single-dose sachet containing 6.4 g of beige rough ground powder. Active ingredient — 56% (3.6 g) Ispaghula Husk B.P. **Uses** For the treatment of constipation and patients requiring a high fibre regimen. **Dosage and Administration** 1. Pour measured dosage into a glass. 2. Slowly add 150 ml (¼ pt) C.O.O.L. water. 3. Drink entire contents immediately. An additional glass of liquid may be taken if needed. **Adults and children over 12 years.** The usual dosage is the entire contents of one sachet taken one to three times daily. **Children** A reduced dosage based upon the age and size of the child should be given. 6-12 years ½-1 level 5 ml teaspoonful one to three times daily. **Contraindications:** Intestinal obstruction, faecal impaction, hypersensitivity to ispaghula. **Warnings and Precautions:** Intestinal atony or stenosis, diabetes. Should be taken as a liquid suspension and drunk immediately after mixing. **Adverse effects:** Allergy and gastrointestinal obstruction or impaction have been reported with hydrophilic mucilloid preparations. **Product Licence Holder and Number** G.D. Searle & Co. Ltd. 0020/0087 **Basic N.H.S. cost** Box of 30 sachets £2.63. Full prescribing information is available on request. Regulan and Gold Cross are trademarks.

RE: JA13 January 1983



Gold Cross Pharmaceuticals Division of G. D. Searle and Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 53, Lane End Road, High Wycombe, Bucks HP12 4HL, Telephone: High Wycombe 21124

COLPERMINTM

(enteric-coated peppermint oil)

An exclusive two-dimensional remedy
for irritable bowel syndrome

Prescribing Information

Presentation: A light blue/dark blue enteric-coated hard gelatin capsule size 1, with a green band between cap and body. Each capsule contains 0.2 ml standardised peppermint oil B.P. Ph. Eur.

Uses: For the treatment of symptoms of discomfort and of abdominal colic and distension experienced by patients with irritable bowel syndrome. The enteric coating of the capsule delays release of the peppermint oil until it reaches the distal small bowel. The oil exerts a local effect of colonic relaxation and a fall of intracolonic pressure.

Dosage and Administration: For oral administration.

Adult dose: One capsule three times a day, preferably before meals and taken with a small quantity of water. The capsules should not be taken immediately after food. The dose may be increased to two capsules, three times a day when discomfort is more severe. The capsules should be taken until symptoms resolve, usually within one or two weeks. At times when symptoms are more persistent, the capsules can be continued for longer periods of between 2 to 3 months. There is no experience in the use of these capsules in children under the age of 15 years.

Contraindications, Warnings, etc. Precautions: The capsules should not be broken or chewed because this would release the peppermint oil prematurely, possibly causing local irritation of the mouth and oesophagus. Patients who already suffer from heartburn, sometimes experience an exacerbation of these symptoms when taking the capsule. Treatment should be discontinued in these patients.

Adverse effects: Heartburn, sensitivity reactions to menthol which are rare, and include erythematous skin rash, headache, bradycardia, muscle tremor and ataxia. Treatment of overdosage: If capsules have been recently ingested, the stomach should be emptied by gastric lavage. Observation should be carried out with symptomatic treatment if necessary.

Pharmaceutical Precautions: Store in a cool place. Avoid direct sunlight.

Legal category: P.

Package quantity: Containers of 100 capsules.

Further information: Nil.

Product Licence: PL 0424/0009

Basic NHS cost: £10.00 per 100

European Patent No. 0000000

UK Patent No. 2,000,000

Colpermin is a trademark of Tillotts Laboratories.

REFERENCE:

1. Rees WDW, Evans BK, Rhodes J. Treating irritable bowel syndrome with peppermint oil. *Br Med J* 2:835-836, 1979.



Tillotts
LABORATORIES

2-7126

11/82

Harrogate Trading Estate Harrogate West Yorkshire HG16 6BN
Telephone (0423) 812611 Telex 802711 Tillotts G

COLPERMINTM

(enteric-coated peppermint oil)

With
nature's help,
Tillotts

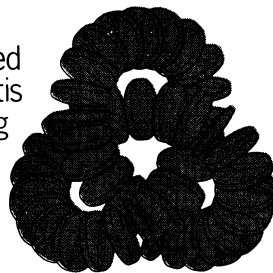
has provided
an exclusive

two-dimensional
answer
for
irritable bowel
syndrome.

SALAZOPYRIN sulphasalazine COULD BECOME HABIT-FORMING - WITH A LITTLE HELP FROM YOU!

In ulcerative colitis,
"...the suppressive action of sulphasalazine appeared
to persist indefinitely... patients with ulcerative colitis
should stay on maintenance therapy with this drug
provided that no side-effects occurred."

Truelove, S.C., Schweiz. med. Wschr, 1981, 111, 1342



Get them into the
SALAZOPYRIN habit
DAY AFTER DAY AFTER YEAR
500mg q.i.d. in ulcerative colitis

PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

Dosage and Administration Plain or EN Tabs. In acute moderate attacks 2-4 tablets 4 times a day. In severe attacks give steroids also. Gradually reduce dose after 2-3 weeks to 3-4 tabs/day, given indefinitely. Suppositories: Two morning and night reducing dose after 3 weeks with improvement. Enema: One to be given at bedtime. Preparation contains adult dose. Children: Reduce adult dose on basis of bodyweight.

Contra-indications Sensitivity to salicylates and sulphonamides. Infants under 2 years. Enema: Sensitivity to parabens.

Adverse Reactions Side effects common to salicylates or sulphonamides may occur. Most commonly these are nausea, loss of appetite and raised temperature which may be relieved on reduction of dose. Use of EN tablets, enema or suppositories. If serious reactions occur the drug should be discontinued. Rare Adverse Reactions: Haematological: haemolytic anaemia, agranulocytosis, aplastic anaemia. Hypersensitivity: eg rash, fever. Gastrointestinal: eg stomatitis, impaired folate uptake. C.N.S.: eg peripheral neuropathy. Fertility: eg reversible oligospermia. Renal: eg proteinuria, crystalluria. Also: Stevens-Johnson syndrome and lung complications, eg fibrosing alveolitis.

Precautions Care in porphyria, allergic, renal or hepatic disease. Glucose 6-PD deficiency. Blood checks initially and periodically.

Pregnancy and Lactation While the ingestion of drugs in these situations may be undesirable, the severe exacerbations of the disease which can occur commends the continuance of therapy. Long clinical usage and experimental studies have failed to reveal teratogenic or icteric hazards. The amounts of drug present in the milk should not present a risk to a healthy infant.

Packages and Prices Plain Tablets (0.5g) 100 & 500. £6.70 for 100. EN Tablets (0.5g) 100 & 500. £8.70 for 100. Suppositories (0.5g) 10 & 50. £2.80 for 10. Enemas (3.0g) 7. £12.10 for 7.
Product Licence Numbers Plain Tablets 0009/5006. EN Tablets 0009/5007. Suppositories 0009/5008. Enema 0009/5009.

 **Pharmacia**

Further information is available on request
Pharmacia Limited, Pharmacia House
Midsomer Boulevard, Milton Keynes MK9 3HP
Telephone Milton Keynes (0908) 661101

Presentation White odourless aerosol foam containing hydrocortisone acetate PhEur 10%. **Uses**

Anti-inflammatory corticosteroid therapy for the topical treatment of ulcerative colitis, proctosigmoiditis and granular proctitis. **Dosage and administration** One applicatorful inserted into the rectum once or twice daily for two or three weeks and every second day thereafter. Shake can vigorously before use. Satisfactory response usually occurs within five to seven days. **Contra-indications, warnings, etc.** Local contra-indications to the use of intrarectal steroids include obstruction, abscess, perforation, peritonitis, fresh intestinal anastomoses and extensive fistulas. General precautions common to all corticosteroid therapy should be observed during treatment with 'Colifoam'. Treatment should be administered with caution in patients with severe ulcerative disease because of their predisposition to perforation of the bowel wall. Safety during pregnancy has not been fully established. **Pharmaceutical precautions** Do not refrigerate, incinerate or puncture the aerosol can. Shake vigorously before use. Keep out of reach of children. **Package quantities** Aerosol canister containing 20g (14 applications) plus a plastic applicator and illustrated leaflet. One applicatorful of 'Colifoam' provides a dose of approximately 90-110mg. of hydrocortisone acetate, similar to that used in a retention enema for the treatment of ulcerative colitis, sigmoiditis and proctitis. **Basic NHS cost** 20g (14 applications) plus applicator, £7.58. **Product licence no.** 0036/0021. **References** 1. Ruddell W SJ et al. Gut 1980; 21: 885-889. 2. O'Donoghue D. Modern Medicine, December 1981; 45. 3. Source: MIMS Nov. 1982. Further information is available on request. **Stafford-Miller Ltd**, Professional Relations Division, Hatfield, Hertfordshire AL10 0NZ.

Pres-

ace to a... aerosol foam... one... inflammatory... the... ectosigmoiditis and gra... e and... into the rectum once o... three... Shake can vigorously... tory re... seven days. **Contra-indic...** Local... ctal steroids include obs... oration... s and extensive fistulas. General precautions common... observed during treatm... treatment... in patients with severe... because of... of the bowel wall. Safety... has not been... **Precautions** Do not refrigerate, incinerate or puncture the... use. Keep out of reach of children. **Package quantities** Aerosol canister containing 20g (14 applications) plus a plastic applicator and illustrated leaflet. One applicatorful of 'Colifoam' provides a dose of approximately 90-110mg. of hydrocortisone acetate, similar to that used in a retention enema for the treatment of ulcerative colitis, sigmoiditis and proctitis. **Basic NHS cost** 20g (14 applications) plus applicator, £7.58. **Product licence no.** 0036/0021. **References** 1. Ruddell W SJ et al. Gut 1980; 21: 885-889. 2. O'Donoghue D. Modern Medicine, December 1981; 45. 3. Source: MIMS Nov. 1982. Further information is available on request. **Stafford-Miller Ltd**, Professional Relations Division, Hatfield, Hertfordshire AL10 0NZ.



IT WORKS

COLIFOAM is as effective as traditional steroid enemas.^{1,2}

It has also been shown to have inherently superior retentive properties.



PATIENTS PREFER IT

COLIFOAM is known to be far more comfortable, convenient and acceptable to the patient.

It causes less distress, and has a much less interference in patients' lives.

IN DISTAL INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE

COLIFOAM
hydrocortisone acetate foam

A BETTER CHOICE EVERYTIME

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From: The Publisher, British Medical Journal,
BMA House, Tavistock Square,
London WC1H 9JR
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STATISTICS IN QUESTION
Sheldon M Gore

STATISTICS AND ETHICS IN MEDICAL RESEARCH
Douglas G Altman

ARTICLES FROM
THE BRITISH
MEDICAL JOURNAL

Gastrozepin is a selective antimuscarinic agent which provides balanced control of gastric secretion without markedly affecting other peripheral receptor sites. This gastro-selective action means that, in practice, Gastrozepin is a well-tolerated drug which heals peptic ulcers.

Gastrozepin DOES NOT . . .

- rely on acid reduction alone
- rely on pepsin reduction alone
- rely on mucosal protection alone
- profoundly affect intragastric pH

Gastrozepin DOES . . .

- relieve daytime pain
- relieve night-time pain
- reduce antacid intake
- heal peptic ulcers with one 50 mg tablet b.d.

NEW FROM BOOTS

For the treatment of peptic ulcer

Twice daily


GASTRO SELECTIVE

Gastrozepin[®]

pirenzepine



The new
gastro-selective
anti-secretory

Prescribing Information: Presentation: White tablets each containing 50 mg of pirenzepine dihydrochloride scored on one face with "G" on one side of the score, and "50" on the other. The obverse is impressed with the symbol . **Uses:** Gastrozepin is indicated in the treatment of gastric and duodenal ulcers. **Dosage:** 50 mg at bedtime and in the morning before meals. In severe cases the total daily dose may be increased to 150 mg in divided doses. Continuous therapy may be recommended for up to three months. **Contra-indications, Warnings etc:** Interaction with sympathomimetics and monoamine oxidase inhibitors and Gastrozepin is a theoretical possibility. Gastrozepin is not recommended during pregnancy although in animal

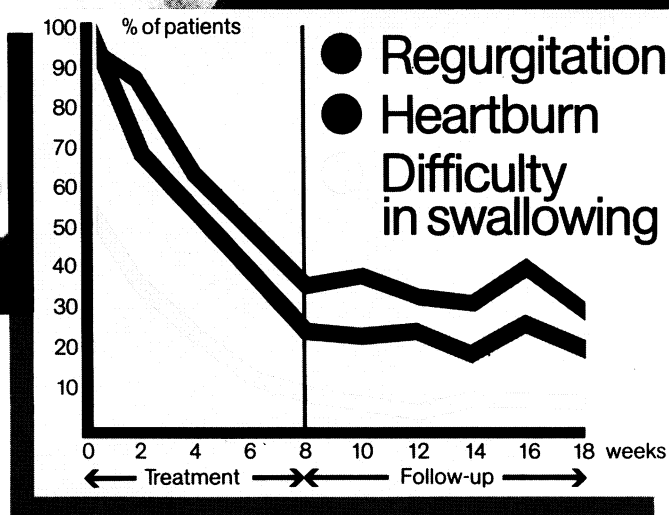
experiments no teratogenic effects were noted. Breast milk concentration after therapeutic doses is unlikely to affect the infant. **Side effects:** occasionally transitory dry mouth and accommodation difficulty may occur. Treatment of overdosage: entirely symptomatic. There is no specific antidote. **Basic NHS price:** 50 mg tablets, 60 £20.50. **Product Licence No:** 50 mg tablets, PL0014/0260.

 Further information is available on request
The Boots Company PLC, Nottingham

Gastrozepin[®] Trade Mark

Management of reflux oesophagitis

Practitioner. 1983; 227 (1378): 637-639.



PYROGASTRONE

carbenoxolone sodium, magnesium trisilicate, dried aluminium hydroxide gel

positive healing prolongs post-treatment benefit

Pyrogastrone is a registered trade mark. Made under licence from Biorex Laboratories, Brit. Pat. No. 1390683.
Further information available from:- Winthrop Laboratories Surbiton-upon-Thames Surrey KT6 4PH

WINTHROP



IT'S THE OPENER

Intravenous sedation with new Hypnovel

Hypnovel (midazolam) is undoubtedly an innovation in intravenous sedation. Midazolam is a novel benzodiazepine which combines the unusual ability to form stable water-soluble salts with a short action.¹

These features distinguish Hypnovel from intravenous diazepam and provide real advantages for patient and operator alike. Hypnovel is recommended for intravenous sedation prior to minor procedures whether they be medical, dental or surgical. Compared with intravenous diazepam, Hypnovel "is associated with a faster onset of sedation, a much greater degree of amnesia and a faster rate of recovery".² With Hypnovel venous complications are minimal.²

NEW
HYPNOVEL
midazolam

PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: **Indication** Intravenous sedative cover. **Dosage** Dosage should be titrated against the response of the patient. As a guide, 0.07 mg/kg body-weight is adequate in most cases. Total dose usually varies between 2.5 and 7.5 mg but, on occasions, more may be necessary. In elderly patients a dose of 2.5 mg may be adequate. A second person should always be present and facilities for resuscitation should always be available. **Contraindications** Benzodiazepine sensitivity; acute pulmonary insufficiency; respiratory depression. **Precautions** Use during pregnancy and lactation should be avoided. Patients should not drive or operate machinery for 8 hours after administration. Sedative effects of other centrally acting drugs may be intensified. **Side-effects** Hypnovel is well-tolerated and changes in arterial blood pressure, heart rate and respiration are usually slight. The rapid injection of a high dose can induce soft-tissue airway obstruction or apnoea of short duration. Local effects on veins are infrequent. However, pain on injection and thrombophlebitis may occur. **Presentation** Ampoules containing 10 mg midazolam base as the hydrochloride in 2 ml aqueous solution, in packings of 10. **Basic NHS Cost** 59p per ampoule. **Product Licence Number** 0031/0126.

Roche Products Limited, PO Box 8, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire AL7 3AY. Hypnovel is a trade mark.

References 1. Anaesthesia, 1980, 35, 454. 2. Anaesthesia, 1982, 37, 1002.

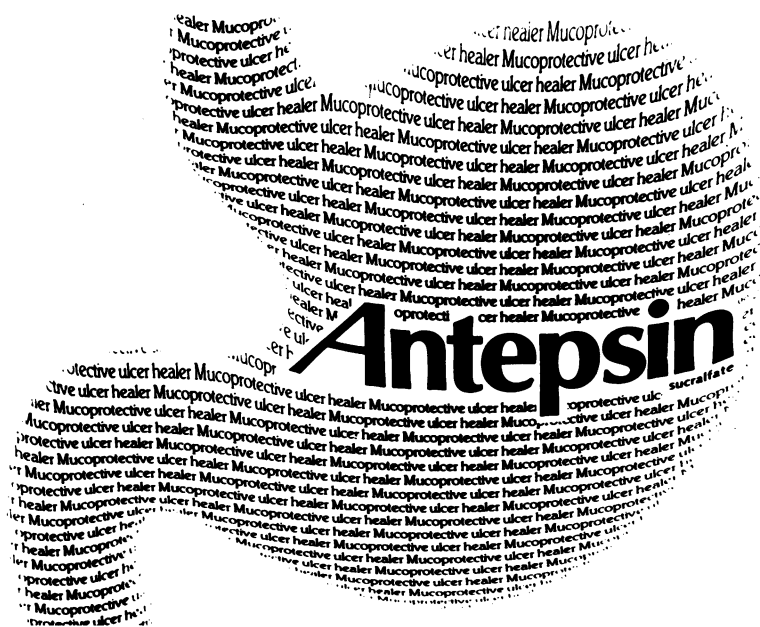
1391012 1B3

ROCHE

Antepsin[®]

Sucralfate

Mucoprotective ulcer healer



Non-systemic action

Fast pain relief
Excellent healing rates

Prolonged remission
Low incidence of side effects

Prescribing Information

Presentation Antepsin Tablets 1 gram are white, oblong, biconvex, uncoated tablets scored and embossed 1239 on one side and Ayerst on the other. Each tablet contains 1 gram sucralfate. **Uses** For the treatment of duodenal ulcer, gastric ulcer and chronic gastritis. **Dosage and Administration** For oral administration. **Adults** - Usual dose 1 gram 4 times a day. Maximum daily dose 8 grams. Four to six weeks treatment is usually needed for ulcer healing but up to twelve weeks may be necessary

in resistant cases. Antacids may be used as required for relief of pain. **Contra-Indications, Precautions, Warnings, etc.** **Contra-Indications** There are no known contra-indications. **Precautions** 1. Concomitant administration with some oral anti-infectives such as tetracyclines may interfere with absorption of the latter. 2. The product should only be used with caution in patients with renal dysfunction. 3. As with all medicines, Antepsin should not be used in early pregnancy unless considered essential. **Side Effects** A low incidence of mild side effects, e.g. constipation, has been reported.

Legal Category POM. **Package Quantities** Antepsin 1 gram - Securitainers of 100. **Pharmaceutical Precautions** No special requirements for storage are necessary. **Product Licence Numbers** PL No. 0607/0045 PA No. 149/4/2. **Basic N.H.S. Price** Average daily cost 50p.



Ayerst Laboratories Ltd.,
South Way, Andover, Hampshire SP10 5LT.
Telephone: 0264 58711.

Distributors in Ireland: Ayerst Laboratories Ltd.,
765 South Circular Road, Islandbridge, Dublin 8.

* ANTEPSIN is a registered Trade Mark.

Further information is available on request to the Company.

...terra firma

NO CANOE

“Cimetidine [Tagamet] remains the drug of first choice both for symptomatic relief and for ulcer healing.”

Tagamet
cimetidine

THOROUGHLY EXPLORED

puts you in control of gastric acid

Reference: 1. Gazzard B. Do any drugs actually cure ulcers? General Practitioner 1983, January, 28-41.

Prescribing Information

Presentations—Tagamet Tablets, PL 0002, 0092, each containing 400 mg cimetidine. 50, 516, 95. Tagamet Tablets, PL 0002, 0163, each containing 200 mg cimetidine. 500, 516, 95. Tagamet Syrup, PL 0002, 0092, containing 200 mg cimetidine per 5 ml (200 mg/50 ml). **Indications**—Duodenal ulcer, benign gastric ulcer, recurrent and stoma ulceration, oesophageal reflux disease. Other conditions where reduction of gastric acid is beneficial. **Contraindications**—Prophylaxis of stress-induced gastric haemorrhage and of acid aspiration. Menstrual syndrome, malabsorption and food loss, diarrhoea syndrome, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome. **Dosage**—Adults: Duodenal ulcer 400 mg b.i.d. with breakfast and bedtime, or 200 mg t.i.d. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime. 100 mg day, for at least 4 weeks. To prevent relapse 400 mg at bedtime or 400 mg morning and at bedtime for at least 6 months.

Benign gastric ulcer 200 mg t.i.d. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime 100 g/day for at least 6 weeks. Oesophageal reflux disease 400 mg t.i.d. with meals and 400 mg at bedtime 100 g/day for 4 to 6 weeks. Prophylaxis of stress-induced gastrointestinal haemorrhage, up to 2 g/day divided to maintain intragastric pH above 4. Prophylaxis of acid aspiration syndrome 400 mg 30-120 mins before induction of general anaesthesia. 400 mg at start of, about then 200 mg 2-hourly as necessary, maximum 16 g. Do not use Tagamet syrup. Zollinger-Ellison syndrome up to 400 mg b.i.d. rare up to 2 g/day. Recurrent and stoma ulceration and diarrhoea syndrome 200 mg t.i.d. and

400 mg at bedtime (10 g/day). N.B. For full dosage instructions see Data Sheet. **Cautions**—Impaired renal function: reduce dosage (see Data Sheet). Potentiation of oral anticoagulants, phenytoin and theophylline (see Data Sheet). Prolonged treatment: observe patients periodically. Exclude malignancy in gastric ulcer. Care in patients with compromised bone marrow (see Data Sheet). Avoid during pregnancy and lactation. **Adverse reactions**—Diarrhoea, dizziness, rash, tiredness. Rarely mild gynaecomastia, reversible liver damage, confusional states (usually in the elderly or very ill), interstitial nephritis, acute pancreatitis. **Legal category**—POM 113.83.

SK&F SMITH KLINE & FRENCH LABORATORIES LIMITED, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire AL7 1EY.
© 1983 Smith Kline & French Laboratories Limited. Tagamet is a trade mark.

TG AD493



WELL WORTH LOOKING INTO!

*Superb Fujinon endoscopic equipment
backed by
Pyser low-cost personal after-sales service*

- * 12 modern instruments – all with 105° ultra wide view.
- * Range includes 3 colonoscopes, 2 choledoscopes, 4 panendoscopes, 2 duodenoscopes and a sigmoidoscope.
- * Advanced features include electronically controlled water/air/suction valves – no contamination or blockage.
- * Comprehensive range of high technology accessories for each instrument.
- * Range of adaptors allows full interchangeability with other makes of instrument.

PYSER AFTER-SALES SERVICE IS WORTH LOOKING INTO, TOO!

- * Low-cost repair/replacement – speedy, efficient and above all, reliable.
- * Free in-hospital maintenance as part of 12-month guarantee on new equipment.

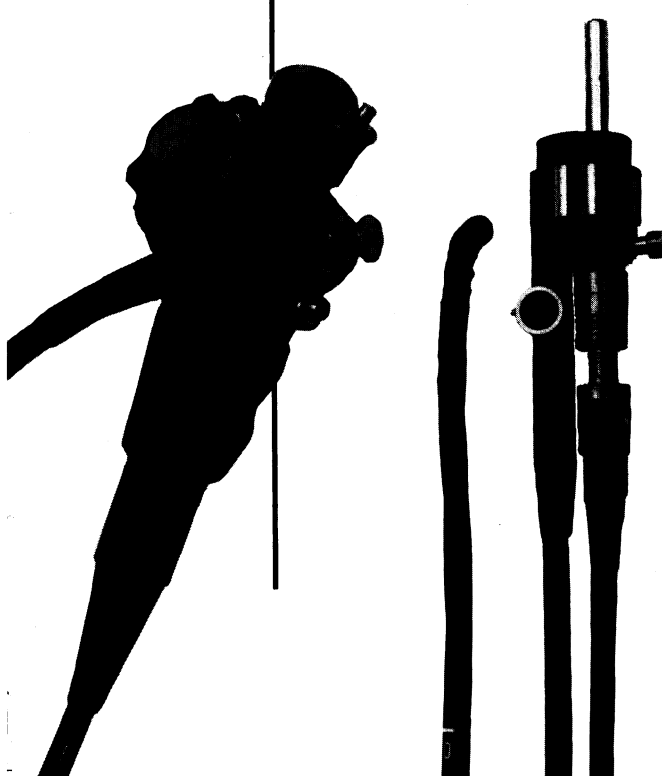
Ask for our representative to call and provide you with full details of the range of Fujinon endoscopes, coupled with the very special Pyser after-sales service.



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clearly the better team.

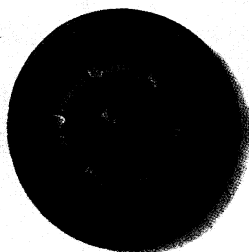
**Pyser Ltd., Medical Division,
102 College Road, Harrow,
Middlesex HA1 1BQ
Telephone: 01-427-2278 and 7773**





Renaissance

Mediaeval Crusades



Era of Richard III

Bodily defence still relies on shields

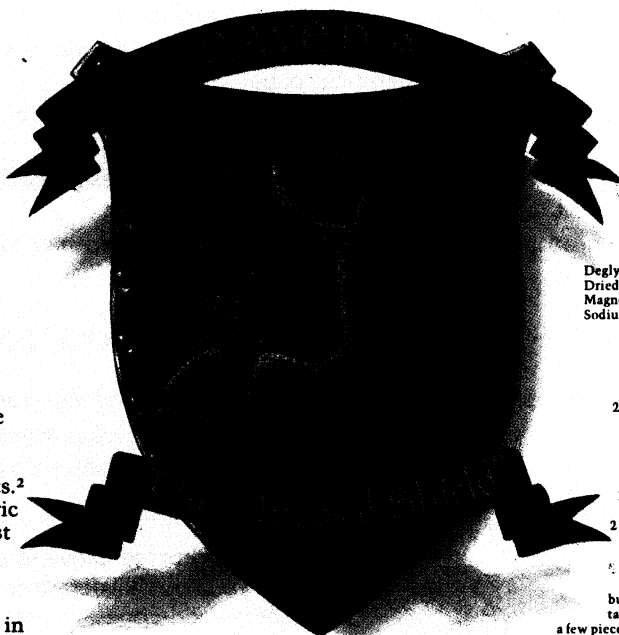
NOW! A natural mucosal shield helps heal peptic ulcers!

CAVED-S® does what no other ulcer therapy can do: it increases the number of mucus-secreting cells¹ with virtually no side effects.² This protects the gastric mucosal barrier against damaging agents^{3,4,5} and reduces ulcer recurrence.⁶

An 88% healing rate in 12 weeks⁷ has been reported. Studies also confirm that CAVED-S offers comparable efficacy to cimetidine in healing gastric ulcers⁷ and comparable efficacy to ranitidine in healing duodenal ulcers.⁶

REFERENCES:

1. Van Marle J, Aarsen PN, Lind A, et al: Deglycyrrhizinated liquorice (DGL) and the renewal of rat stomach epithelium. *Eur J Pharmacol* 72:219-225, 1981. 2. Cooke WM, Baron JH: Metabolic studies of deglycyrrhizinated liquorice in two patients with gastric ulcer. *Digestion* 4:264-268, 1971. 3. Rees WDW, Rhodes J, Wright JE, et al: Effect of deglycyrrhizinated liquorice on gastric mucosal damage by aspirin. *Scand J Gastroenterol* 14:605-607, 1979. 4. Morgan RJ, Nelson LM, Russell RI, et al: The effect of deglycyrrhizinated liquorice on the occurrence of aspirin and aspirin plus bile acid-induced gastric lesions, and aspirin absorption in rats, abstracted.



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(deglycyrrhizinated liquorice,
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"The Mucosal Shield" for peptic ulcers



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PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

Presentation:

Brown tablets embossed
'CAVED-S', each containing:
Deglycyrrhizinated Liquorice 380 mg
Dried Aluminum hydroxide gel 100 mg
Magnesium carbonate 200 mg
Sodium bicarbonate 100 mg

Indications:

For the treatment of peptic ulcer
and other allied conditions.

Dosage and Administration:

Adult dose for gastric ulcer:
2 tablets 3 times a day between meals.

Adult dose for duodenal ulcer:
Increase to 2 tablets 6 times a day
between meals when necessary.

Prophylactic dose:

Gastric ulcer:
1 tablet 3 times a day, between meals.

Duodenal ulcer:
2 tablets 3 times a day, between meals.

Children's dosage 10-14 years:
half adult dose.

The tablets should be lightly chewed
and swallowed with a drink of water,
but in exceptional cases of objection to
taste, the tablets should be broken into
a few pieces and then swallowed with a drink
of water. No additional antacids are necessary.

Contra-indications, warnings, etc:

Rare cases of mild diarrhoea can occur. No other
side-effects have been reported.

Caved-S should be used with caution
in pregnancy.

Basic NHS Price:

60's—£2.83

240's—£10.12

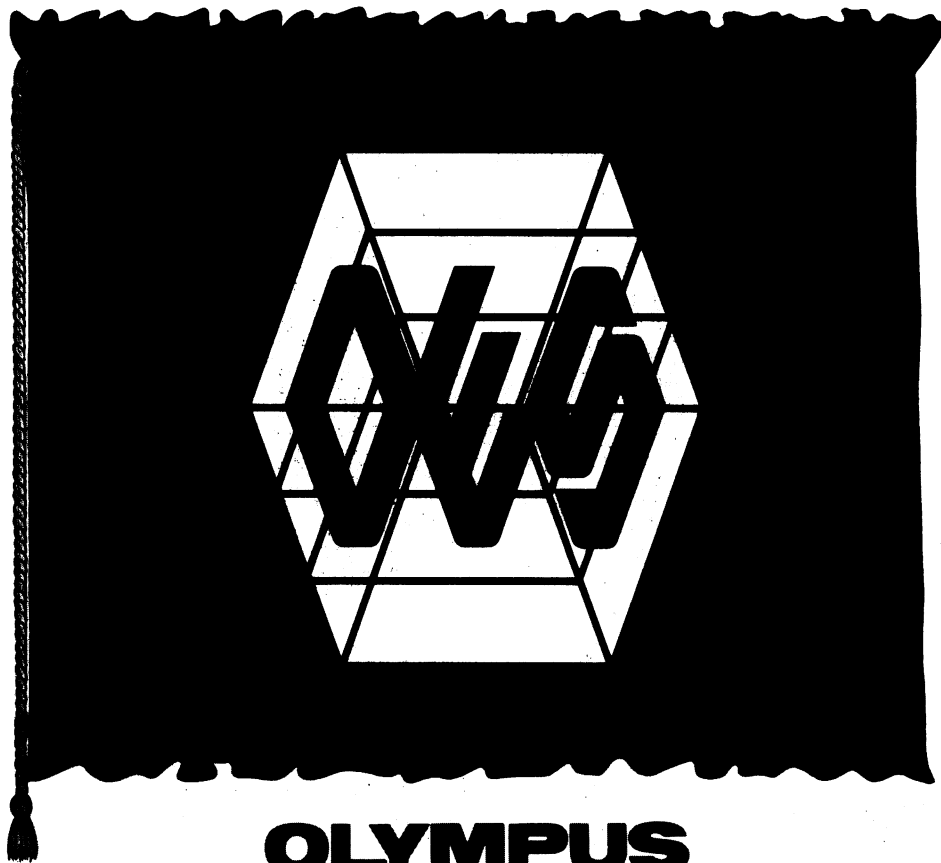
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Gastroenterology 82:1134, 1982. 5. Morris TJ,
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7. Morgan AC, McAdam WAF, Pascos C:
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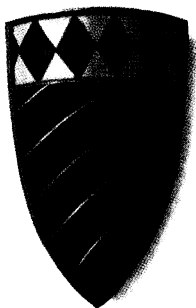
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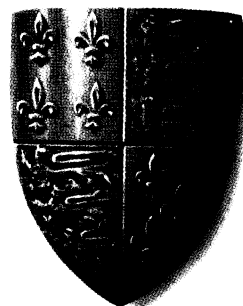
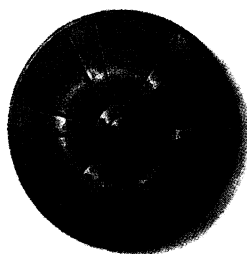
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**British Society of Gastroenterology
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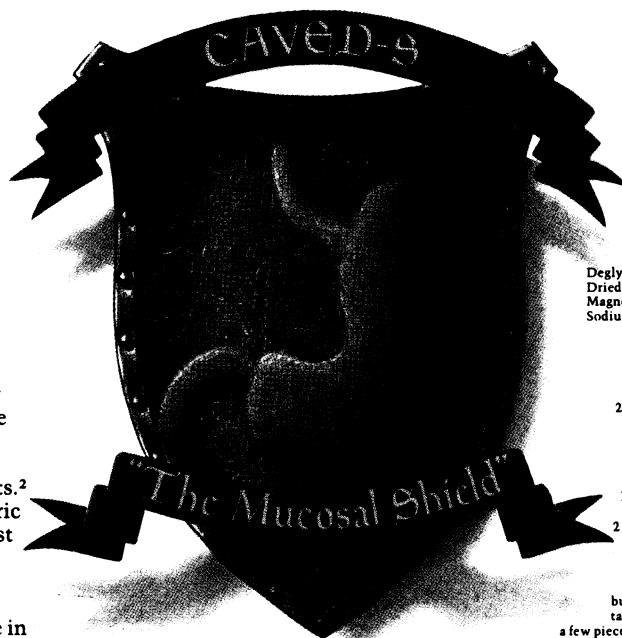
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An 88% healing rate in 12 weeks⁷ has been reported. Studies also confirm that CAVED-S offers comparable efficacy to cimetidine in healing gastric ulcers⁷ and comparable efficacy to ranitidine in healing duodenal ulcers.⁶

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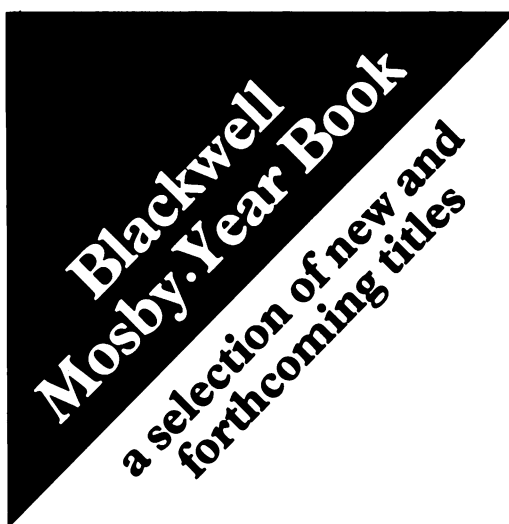
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